Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A composition comprising: about 0.01 wt-% to about 2 [[10]] wt-% mono-or-diester dicarboxylate, about 0.01 wt-% to about 10 wt-% hydrogen peroxide, and about 90 wt-% to about 99.98 wt-% water; and free of added strong inorganic acid,

wherein the composition exhibits antimicrobial activity of greater than 1 log10 reduction against Bacillus cereus, Bacillus subtilis, or Chaetomium funicola upon contacting the microbe with the composition for at least 5 seconds at a temperature between about 0 °C and about 100 °C.

- 2. (currently amended) The composition of claim 1, comprising: about 0.1 wt-% to about 2 [[7]] wt-% mono-or-diester dicarboxylate, about 0.1 wt-% to about 7 wt-% hydrogen peroxide, and about 92 wt-% to about 99 wt-% water.
- 3. (currently amended) The composition of claim 1, comprising: about 1 wt-% to about 2 [[5]] wt-% mono-or-diester dicarboxylate, about 1 wt-% to about 4 wt-% hydrogen peroxide, and about 95 wt-% to about 99 wt-% water.
- (currently amended) The composition of claim 1, comprising: about 2 [[3]] wt-% mono- or diester dicarboxylate. about 2 wt-% hydrogen peroxide, and about 90 to about 95 wt-% water.

- 5. (previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein the mono-or-diester dicarboxylate comprises monomethyl malonate, dimethyl malonate, monoethyl malonate, diethyl malonate, monopropyl malonate, dipropyl malonate, monobutyl malonate, dibutyl malonate. diamyl malonate, dihexyl malonate, dibutyl malonate, dimethyl succinate, dimethyl succinate, dionopropyl succinate, dipropyl succinate, monobutyl succinate, dibutyl succinate, diamyl succinate, dihexyl succinate, di-2-ethylhexyl succinate, monomethyl glutarate, dimethyl glutarate, monoethyl glutarate, diethyl glutarate, monopropyl glutarate, dipropyl glutarate, monobutyl glutarate, dibutyl glutarate, diamyl glutarate, dihexyl glutarate, di-2-ethylhexyl glutarate, dipropyl adipate, dimethyl adipate, monobutyl adipate, dibutyl adipate, diamyl adipate, dibexyl adipate, di-2-ethylhexyl adipate, monomethyl sebacate, dimethyl sebacate, dimethyl sebacate, dipropyl sebacate, dipropyl sebacate, dipropyl sebacate, dipropyl sebacate, dibexyl sebacate, dibexyl sebacate, dihexyl sebacate, di-2-ethylhexyl sebacate, or a mixture thereof.
- 6. (previously presented) The composition of claim 5, wherein the mono-or-diester dicarboxylate comprises dimethyl malonate, diethyl malonate, dipropyl malonate, dibutyl malonate, diamyl malonate, dihexyl malonate, dimethyl succinate, diethyl succinate, dimethyl succinate, diethyl succinate, dipropyl succinate, dibutyl succinate, diamyl succinate, dibutyl succinate, dibutyl glutarate, dipropyl glutarate, dibutyl glutarate. diamyl glutarate, dibutyl glutarate, dimethyl adipate, diamyl glutarate, dibutyl glutarate, dimethyl adipate, dipropyl adipate, dibutyl adipate, diamyl adipate, dibutyl adipate, dimethyl sebacate, diethyl sebacate, dibutyl sebacate,
- 7. (previously presented) The composition of claim 6, wherein the mono-or-diester dicarboxylate comprises dimethyl oxalate, dimethyl malonate, dimethyl succinate, dimethyl adipate, diethyl sebacate, diethyl oxalate, diethyl malonate, diethyl succinate, diethyl glutarate, diethyl adipate, diethyl sebacate, dipropyl oxalate, dipropyl malonate, dipropyl succinate, dipropyl glutarate, dipropyl adipate, dipropyl sebacate, dibutyl oxalate, dibutyl malonate, dibutyl

succinate, dibutyl glutarate, dibutyl adipate, dibutyl sebacate, diamyl succinate, diamyl sebacate, dihexyl succinate, dihexyl sebacate, diethylhexyl succinate, diethylhexyl sebacate, or a mixture thereof.

- 8. (currently amended) The composition of claim 1, wherein the mono-or-diester dicarboxylate is present at a level of about 0.05 wt-% to about [[7]] 2 wt-% diester dicarboxylate.
 - 9. (canceled)
 - 10. (canceled)
- 11. (previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein the hydrogen peroxide is present at a level of about 0.05 wt-% to about 7 wt-%.
- 12. (previously presented) The composition of claim 11, wherein the hydrogen peroxide is present at a level of about 1 wt-% to about 4 wt-%.
 - 13. (canceled)
 - 14. (canceled)
- 15. (previously presented) The composition of claim 1, wherein the water is present at a level of about 92 wt-% to about 99 wt-%.
- 16. (previously presented) The composition of claim 15, wherein the water is present at a level of about 95 wt-% to about 97 wt-%.
 - 17. (original) The composition of claim 1, further comprising a stabilizing agent.

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- 18. (previously presented) The composition of claim 17, wherein the stabilizing agent comprises a phosphonic acid, a dipicolinic acid, a picolinic acid, a gluconic acid, a quinolinic acid, an ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid (EDTA), an hydroxyethylethylethylene diamine triacetic acid (HEDTA), an ethylene triaminepentaacetic acid, a polyacrylic acid, a salt thereof, or a mixture thereof.
- 19. (original) The composition of claim 18, wherein the phosphonate comprises 1-hydroxy ethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid (CH₃C(PO₃H₂)₂OH) (HEDP), amino[tri(methylene phosphonic acid)] ([CH₂PO₃H₂]₂(ethylene diamine[tetra methylene-phosphonic acid)], 2phosphene butane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid, an alkali metal salt thereof, an ammonium salt thereof, an alkyloyl amine salt thereof, or a mixture thereof.
- 20. (previously presented) The composition of claim 19, wherein the alkyloyl amine salt comprises a monoethanol amine salt, a diethanolamine salt, a triethanolamine salt, or a mixture thereof.
 - 21. (canceled)
 - 22. (canceled)
 - 23. (canceled)
- 24. (currently amended) A method for making an antimicrobial composition, comprising:

adding hydrogen peroxide to a vessel;

adding mono- or diester dicarboxylate to a vessel;

mixing the hydrogen peroxide and the mono- or diester dicarboxylate in the vessel;

avoiding any addition of strong inorganic acid;

retaining the hydrogen peroxide and the mono- or diester dicarboxylate in the vessel for a duration of from about 0.05 minutes to no more than about 21 days; and

diluting the retained and mixed hydrogen peroxide and mono- or diester dicarboxylate composition to form an antimicrobial composition comprising:

about 0.01 wt-% to about 2 [[10]] wt-% mono-or-diester dicarboxylate, about 0.01 wt-% to about 10 wt-% hydrogen peroxide, and about 90 wt-% to about 99.98 wt-% water; and free of added strong inorganic acid;

wherein the composition exhibits antimicrobial activity of greater than 1 log₁₀ reduction against Bacillus cereus, Bacillus subtilis, or Chaetomium funicola upon contacting the microbe with the composition for at least 5 seconds at a temperature between about 0 °C and about 100 °C.

- 25. (original) The method of claim 24, further comprising removing a portion of the retained and mixed hydrogen peroxide and mono- or diester dicarboxylate composition from the vessel for diluting.
- 26. (original) The method of claim 24, comprising continuously, or semi-continuously, adding hydrogen peroxide and alternately continuously, or semi-continuously, adding mono-or-diester dicarboxylate to the vessel.
- 27. (original) The method of claim 26 where hydrogen peroxide is added continuously, or semi-continuously, without adding additional mono-or-diester dicarboxylate to the vessel.
- 28. (original) The method of claim 26, further comprising removing a portion of the retained and mixed bydrogen peroxide and mono-or-diester dicarboxylate composition from the vessel for diluting.
- 29. (original) The method of claim 24, comprising batch wise adding hydrogen peroxide and batch wise adding mono- or diester dicarboxylate to the vessel.

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- The method of claim 24, comprising batch wise removing a 30. (original) portion of the retained and mixed hydrogen peroxide and mono- or diester dicarboxylate composition from the vessel for diluting.
- 31. The method of claim 24, comprising: (currently amended) adding mono- or diester dicarboxylate and aqueous hydrogen peroxide to achieve a composition comprising:

about 0.05 wt-% to about 2 [[50.0]] wt-% mono-or-diester dicarboxylate, about 0.05 wt-% to about 10 [[50.0]] wt-% hydrogen peroxide.

32. (currently amended) The method of claim 24, comprising: achieving a composition comprising:

> about 1 to about 2 [[4]] wt-% mono- or diester dicarboxylate, about 1 to about 4 wt-% hydrogen peroxide, and about 95 to about 99 wt-% water.

33. (currently amended) A method of reducing population of microorganism on an object, comprising:

contacting the object with use composition of in situ composition; the in situ composition comprising:

> about 0.01 wt-% to about 2 [[10]] wt-% mono- or diester dicarboxylate. about 0.01 wt-% to about 10 wt-% hydrogen peroxide, and about 90 wt-% to about 99.98 wt-% water; and free of added strong inorganic acid;

wherein the composition exhibits antimicrobial activity of greater than 1 log10 reduction against Bacillus cereus, Bacillus subtilis, or Chaetomium funicola upon contacting the microbe with the composition for at least 5 seconds at a temperature between about 0 °C and about 100 °C.

34. (canceled)

- 35. (original) The method of claim 33, wherein the microorganism is a fungus.
- 36. (original) The method of claim 33, wherein the microorganism is of the genus Chaetomium.
- 37. (original) The method of claim 33, wherein the microorganism is of the genus Arthrinium.
- 38. (original) The method of claim 33, wherein the microorganism is of the genus *Bacillus*.
- 39. (original) The method of claim 33, comprising contacting with use composition effective to reduce by more than 1-log order the population of spores and/or cells of *Bacillus cereus* within 10 seconds at 60° C.
- 40. (original) The method of claim 33, comprising contacting with use composition effective to reduce by more than 1-log order the population of cells of *Chactomium funicola* within 10 seconds at 60° C.
- 41. (original) The method of claim 33, comprising contacting with use composition effective to reduce by more than 1-log order the population of spores and/or cells of Chaetomium funicola and Bacillus cereus within 10 seconds at 60° C.
- 42. (original) The method of claim 33, comprising contacting hard surface, soft surface, porous surface, food substance, or skin.
- 43. (original) The method of claim 33, comprising contacting food, beverage, or pharmaceutical packaging.

- 44. (original) The method of claim 43, comprising contacting aseptic food. beverage, or pharmaceutical packaging.
- 45. (original) The method of claim 33, comprising contacting all or part of a food, beverage, or pharmaceutical plant.
- 46. (original) The method of claim 33, comprising contacting tank, pipe, line, pump, valve, or other mixing or fluid transport apparatus.
- 47. (currently amended) A method for cold aseptic bottling of food, beverages, or pharmaceuticals, the method comprising:

contacting an *in situ* composition for sufficient period of time to reduce the microorganism population;

the in situ composition comprising:

about 0.01 wt-% to about 2 [[10]] wt-% mono-or-diester dicarboxylate, about 0.01 wt-% to about 10 wt-% hydrogen peroxide, and about 90 wt-% to about 99.98 wt-% water; and free of added strong inorganic acid;

wherein the composition exhibits antimicrobial activity against *Bacillus* cereus, *Bacillus subtilis*, or *Chaetomium funicola* upon contacting the microbe with the composition for at least 5 seconds at 0 °C to 100 °C;

filling the container with a beverage, food, or pharmaceutical; sealing the filled container;

wherein contacting obtains a significantly reduced population of microorganisms resulting in a sanitized food, beverage, or pharmaceutical container.